



Awarding Goals & Assists



**INTERNATIONAL
ICE HOCKEY
FEDERATION**

What is a “legal” goal?

- Puck must *completely* cross the goal line
- Puck enters goal as a result of action by a defending player
- Goal shall be disallowed when:
 - Puck strikes an official and enters directly into the net
 - Puck played by attacking player high stick into the goal
 - Puck kicked or directed by an attacking player with skate into the goal
 - Puck illegally (hand, foot, head) directed by an attacking player into the goal

Awarding Goals

- Credited to player who *legally* propelled the puck into opponents' goal
- Credited to last player from scoring team to legally play the puck when defending player puts puck in own net
- Credited to attacking player who *deflected* puck into opponents' goal

Awarding Assists

- Assist(s) credited to player(s) taking part in the play immediately preceding the goal
- Maximum of two assists per goal
- Player cannot be credited with a goal and assist on the same goal

Procedure for Awarding Goals and Assists

- Front referee (2-referee system) responsible for awarding goals and assists **(may ask for help from partner)**
- When goal is scored:
 - Referee points with non whistle hand at the goal
 - Referee blows whistle at same time
- Reporting procedure:
 - 3 strides forward then backward to the scorers' bench (watch the players)
 - Stop at bench (facing sideways so you can keep an eye on the players)
 - Report player number to be credited with the goal followed by the assist(s)
 - Skate to face-off position



Procedure for Disallowed Goals

- **Blow whistle and immediately give washout signal**
- **Explain to team captains/coaches (and report reason why goal was disallowed to game timekeeper)**
 - **Goal post displaced**
 - **Player in crease**
 - **Kicked or propelled by hand**
 - **Etc...**

What does the other referee (or linespersons) do?

- A. Players
- B. Puck
- C. Position

(The 3Ps)